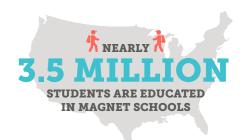
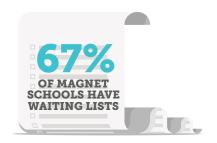
FAST FACTS

About Magnet Schools



A recent study revealed that **ONE OUT OF EVERY 15 PUBLIC SCHOOL STUDENTS** in

the U.S. attends a magnet school - that's nearly **3.5 million students** across the country receiving a high-quality, theme-based education.



Magnet schools are the largest and original provider of public school choice, and demand continues to grow.2

MANY MAGNET SCHOOLS **HAVE WAITING LISTS**

full of parents eager to get their students into these high-performing schools.3



THERE ARE NOW 4,340 MAGNET SCHOOLS.

With continued funding, more parents will have the opportunity to choose the public magnet school that best suits their child's learning needs.

COMMON MAGNET THEMES¹



STEM Related 30%



Visual, Performing Arts 16%



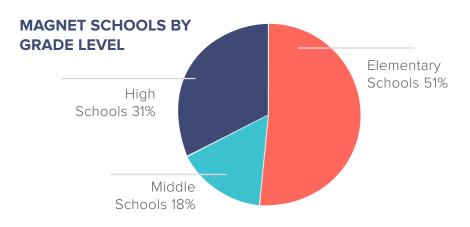
International Baccalaureate (IB) 12%



Gifted and Talented 8%



Foreign/World Languages 7%



- Students learn skills that prepare them for college and careers. A large percentage of magnets report graduation rates of 90 percent or higher, with at least 72 percent of students enrolling in post-secondary education.3
- Low-performing schools can be revitalized⁴ by magnet programs through specialized curriculum, high-quality instruction, and family and community partnerships that include mentoring, internships, financial support, and field trips.
- Fifty-eight percent of magnets surveyed reported lower teacher turnover rates than at the district
- Sixty percent of magnet schools reported state math test scores that were higher than those at the district level.2
- Magnet schools were originally created in the 1970's with the explicit goal of desegregation, and they continue to educate a diverse student body today. Magnets enroll a larger share of black and Hispanic students than traditional public schools and a higher proportion of low-income students.5
- Three out of four magnet schools use a lottery system to handle demand from the community.²

1 Gavarkavich, D., Hawn Nelson, A., Marcus, A., & Alvarado, L. (2016). Magnet school identification by state. Charlotte, NC: UNC Charlotte Urban Institute. On behalf of Magnet Schools of America 2 Polikoff, M., & Hardaway, T. (2017). Don't forget about magnet schools when thinking about school choice. Washington, DC: The Brookings Institution.

- 3 Magnet Schools of America. (2017). National survey examining magnet schools. Washington, DC
- 4 Kahlenberg, R. D. (2009). Turnaround schools that work: Moving beyond separate but equal. Washington, DC: The Century Foundation. Orfield, M. (2013). Integrated magnet schools: Outcomes and best practices. Minneapolis, MN: Institute on Metropolitan Opportunity.
- 5 Siegel-Hawley, G., & Frankenberg, E. (2011). Magnet school student outcomes: What the research says. Washington, DC: The National Coalition on School Diversity. Cobb, C., Bifulco, R., & Bell, C. (2009). Evaluation of Connecticut's interdistrict magnet schools. Storrs, CT: The Center for Education Policy Analysis, University of Connecticut.

